SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS & TECHNOLOGY SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO

COURSE OUTLINE

Course Title:	FIELD ORIENTATION				
Code No.:	GEO 119-5				
Program:	WATER RESOURCES TECHNOLOGY/GEOLOGICAL TECHNICIAN				
Semester:	I				
Date:	SEPTEMBER, 1986				
Author:	SUBHASH C. VERMA				
	New: X Revision:				
APPROVED:	Date Date				

CALENDAR DESCRIPTION

Field Orientation

GEO 119-5

Course Name

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PHILOSOPHY/GOALS:

This course deals with linear and angular measurements, compass and map utilization, slope measurements, aerial photographs, the hydrologic cycle, hydrometric measurements and computations.

METHOD OF ASSESSMENT (GRADING METHOD):

Field	work	and	assignments	25%
Mid te	rm ex	amin	ation	25%
Final	exami	nati	on	50%

Grading

A 80 - 100% B 70 - 79% C 60 - 69%

A passing grade will be based on a minimum grading of 60%. Students obtaining a grading of 55 to 59% may be allowed to complete a supplementary examination.

TEXTBOOK(S):

- Laboratory Manual For Plummer/McGeary's Physical Geology, by J.H. Zurmberge and R.H. Ruttford. Wm. C. Brown Company publishers, Dubuque, Iowa.

REFERENCES:

- Hydrology and Quality of Water Resources (1981) by M.J. Hammer and K.A. MacKichan John Wiley & Sons

FIELD ORIENTATION

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OBJECTIVES:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Do linear and angular measurements.
- 2. Do conversion of units and calculations of areas.
- Conduct traverse surveys, make computations, use a compass, interpret topographic mapping, and compute watershed areas.
- 4. Plot and correct a closed traverse.
- 5. Run a traverse from map to field.
- 6. Study a topographic map and map indexing.
- 7. Determine slope using linear and angular measurements.
- 8. Interpret aerial photographs for land use, topography and geology.
- 9. Describe the hydrologic process.
- 10. Perform hydrometric measurements.

COURSE OUTLINE:

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Importance of field surveys
- 1.2 Linear and angular measurements
- 1.3 Conversion of units, SI units
- 1.4 Area computations

2. COMPASS AND MAP UTILIZATION

- 2.1 Familiarization with the instruments (compass, chain, measuring tape)
- 2.2 Declination, bearing, azimuth
- 2.3 Methods of field traversing
- 2.4 Computations
- 2.5 Exercises in plotting traverse
- 2.6 Topographic maps utilization
- 2.7 Delineation of watersheds
- 2.8 Contour maps
- 2.9 Slope determination

2.10 Aerial photographs

INTRODUCTION TO HYDROLOGY

- 3.1
- Water resources engineering Hydrologic cycle and processes 3.2
- 3.3 Weather forecast
- 3.4 Precipitation and evaporation measurements
- 3.5 Stream flow surveys